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required a work of far greater bulk than the one now before us. Similarly, the final chapter, dealing with the maladies and crimes incident to, or resulting from, the extremes of temperament, seems too brief to be adequate. The chapter devoted to the educational problems connected with temperament is full of practical wisdom; and that entitled "I temperamenti nell'arte" gives interesting and appropriate illustrations from literary types and from the characters of great men of letters.

E. RITCHIE.

Sensazioni vibratorie. Di N. R. D'ALFONZO. Secondá edizione. Roma, Societa Editrice Dante Alighieri, 1899.

This essay is devoted to an explanation of the physical law which determines the action of vibratory substances, solid, liquid, and gaseous; and to a discussion of the sensory life as related to and dependent upon vibratory stimuli. It is written with a full knowledge of both the physical and the physiological sides of the subject, and the exposition is clear and succinct.

E. RITCHIE.

The following books also have been received:

Human Evolution: An Inductive Study of Man. By G. ROME HALL. London, Swan, Sonnenschein & Co., 1902.—pp. xii, 300.

The Imagination in Spinoza and Hume. By WILLARD CLARK GORE. Chicago, Chicago University Press, 1902.—pp. 77.

Researches on the Rhythm of Speech. By J. E. WALLACE WALLIN. [Studies from the Yale Psychological Laboratory, Vol. IX.]. New Haven, Conn., Yale University, 1901.—pp. 142. $1.00.

The Problem of Metaphysics and the Meaning of Metaphysical Explanation. An Essay in Definitions. By HARTLEY BURR ALEXANDER. [Columbia University Contributions to Philosophy, Psychology, and Education.] New York, The Macmillan Co., 1902.—pp. 130. 75 cents.

Kant's gesammelte Schriften. Herausgegeben von der Königlich Preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften. Band XII. Zweite Abtheilung: Briefwechsel (Dritter Band). Berlin, Georg Reimer, 1902.—pp. xvii, 466. 9 marks.

Studien zur Entwickelungsgeschichte der Fichteschen Wissenschaftslehre aus der Kantischen Philosophie. Von W. KABITZ. Berlin, Reuther und Reichard, 1902.—pp. 100. 4.50 marks.

Vom Fühlen, Wollen, und Denken: Eine psychologische Skizze. Von THEODOR LIPPS. Leipzig, J. A. Barth, 1902.—pp. iv, 196. 6.40 marks.

Einheiten und Relationen: Eine Skizze zur Psychologie der Apperzeption. Von THEODOR LIPPS. Leipzig, J. A. Barth, 1902.—pp. iv, 106. 3.60 marks.

Das Problem der Willensfreiheit in der neuesten deutschen Philosophie. Von LEO MÜFFELMANN. Leipzig, J. A. Barth, 1902.—pp. iv, 116. 3.60 marks.

W. Wundts Philosophie und Psychologie in ihren Grundlagen dargestellt. Von RUDOLF EISLER. Leipzig, J. A. Barth, 1902.—pp. vi, 210. 3.20 marks; bound, 4 marks.

Nietzsche als Philosoph. Von HANS VAIHINGER. Berlin, Reuther & Reichard, 1902.—pp. 105.

Das Urtheil bei Descartes. Von BRODER CHRISTIANSEN. Hanau, Verlag von Clauss & Feddersen, 1902.—pp. 107. 2 marks.

Erkenntnistheorie und Psychologie des Erkennens. Von BRODER CHRISTIANSEN. Hanau, Verlag von Clauss & Feddersen.—1902.

Les premiers principes. Par HERBERT SPENCER. Traduit par M. GUYMIOT. Paris, Schleicher Frères, 1902.—pp. xvii, 505.

Dom Robert Desgabets, son système, son influence, et son école. Par PAUL LEMAIRE. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1901—pp. 424. 6 fr. 50.

Frederic Nietzsche. Par EUGÈNE DE ROBERTY. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1903.—pp. 212. 2 fr. 50.

De la réalité du monde sensible. Par JEAN JAURÈS. 2d ed. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1902.—pp. 429. 7 fr. 50.

Histoire de la philosophie [Biblothèque du Congrès International de Philosophie, Vol. IV]. Paris, Armand Colin, 1902.—pp. 528. 12 fr. 50.

Benoit de Spinoza. Par PAUL LOUIS COUCHOUD. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1902.—pp. xii, 305. 5 fr.

Essais de critique et d'histoire de philosophie. Par S. KARPPE. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1902.—pp. 224. 3 fr. 25.

Causeries psychologiques. Par J. J. VAN BIERVLIET. Paris, Félix Alcan, 1902.—pp. 165. 3 fr.

Estetica. Par BENEDETTO CROCE. Milan, Remo Sandron, 1902.—pp. xx, 550.

Diffendiamo la famiglia saggio contro il divorzio. Par LORENZO M. BILLIA. 2d revised ed. Torino, 1902.—pp. x, 275.